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Dear Teacher Candidates and Supervising Teachers:

Candidates, you are beginning the culminating student teaching experience of your teacher preparation program. The faculty has prepared you well, and it is your responsibility now to learn all that you can from your supervising teacher, university supervisor and all of the staff in your school. Become a part of your classroom, school and the community. Ask questions. Seek constructive feedback.

Student learning is the foremost focus of your efforts; always be mindful of what will work best for each of the students with whom you will be working. Come to know each of them; their interests, strengths, learning preferences. All of the processes involved in the assessment of your growth and abilities during student teaching revolve around the support of student learning.

Supervising teachers, we extend our gratitude for your willingness to be an integral member of the student teaching triad. Student teaching allows candidates to apply all that they have learned from our faculty, and at the same time, to learn from you the practical applications of the theory and knowledge candidates bring. Your work in preparing new teachers is important to each candidate, to the School of Education, and to the profession.

Please take time to review the following support materials and information:

- Collaborative Teaching (pg. 16), which we expect to be integral to the student teaching placement.
- Evaluation Overview (pg. 5), with tips for getting the most from these supports/assessments.
- Overview of the Teaching Performance Assessment (edTPA) (pg. 18), that candidates complete based on their day-to-day planning, instruction, and assessments.

Candidates, you are about to become a member of the most exciting, influential profession: teaching. We have in place a supportive team, including your supervising teacher, university supervisor and the staff of the Office of Clinical Experiences.

Enjoy!

Jill D. Shedd, Ph.D.
Assistant Dean for Teacher Education
Student Teaching Overview:

Student teaching is the culminating experience during which teacher candidates apply and practice everything they’ve learned throughout their teacher preparation program. Candidate experiences will require:

1. **Communication & Collaboration**

   Frequent communication and collaboration between all triad members are paramount to the success of a student teaching placement. Teacher candidates can expect to communicate and collaborate daily with supervising teachers, and frequently with university supervisors, including bi-weekly (minimum) visits.

2. **Observation**

   Teacher candidates will spend some time observing their students, their supervising teacher, and other classrooms/activities. Teacher candidates will also be observed frequently by their supervising teacher and university supervisor, including four structured observations throughout the placement.

3. **Professional Immersion**

   From careful considerations of context, differentiation, and standards in planning, to involvement in and out of the classroom, teacher candidates are expected to fully adopt all of the roles of a practicing teacher. This includes instruction of individuals, small groups, and the whole class; working closely with the supervising teacher in planning, instruction, and assessment with a focus on student learning.

4. **Evaluation**

   Teacher candidates will be formally evaluated at the midterm and again at the end of the student teaching placement. All triad members are expected to complete a midterm and final evaluation form, and then meet as a triad to discuss results. Teacher candidates will also complete the student teaching performance assessment (edTPA) based on examples from day-to-day planning and instruction.
Recommended Student Teaching Timeline:

**Weeks 1 & 2:**
- First triad meeting (Orientation).
- Teacher candidate & supervising teacher discuss collaborative teaching, determine instructional focus for edTPA lessons.

**1/4 mark:**
- University supervisor’s & supervising teacher’s first structured observations planned.
- Teacher candidate submits draft/outline of edTPA Task 1 to university supervisor for review using Formative Feedback Form.

**1/2 mark:**
- Second triad meeting (Midterm Conference).
- Discuss use of collaborative teaching and edTPA progress.
- Task 1 finalized, timeline for completion of Tasks 2 & 3 determined.

**3/4 mark:**
- University supervisor’s & supervising teacher’s second structured observations take place.
- Candidate concludes teaching of edTPA lessons (Tasks 1 and 2 are complete, pending revision), Task 3 in progress.

**Last week of placement:**
- Final triad meeting (Final Conference).

**edTPA Submission Deadline:**
To maximize opportunity for revision and timely evaluation, every effort should be made to complete the edTPA within two to three weeks of the end of placement.

*Candidates who submit edTPA with fewer than four weeks left in the semester are more likely to receive an incomplete in student teaching or student teaching seminar pending evaluation completion.*
Support & Evaluation During Student Teaching

Structured Observations

Using the Structured Observation Form, the supervising teacher and the university supervisor each conduct one structured observation prior to the midterm, and a second following the midterm.

Teacher candidate is required to provide lesson plan, and desired area of focus for feedback at least one day prior to observation.

The university supervisor and supervising teacher will each input observation data online (go.iu.edu/21EW). Once submitted, copies of observation will automatically be emailed to all triad members.

Midterm Conference

The midterm conference serves as a status check regarding candidate performance in the first part of the placement, and provides opportunity to set goals for the second half of the placement.

Prior to the conference, all triad members should look over the midterm evaluation rubrics to determine preliminary scores for each indicator.

Based on discussion during the midterm conference, the university supervisor will determine official midterm evaluation scores.

The university supervisor will enter the midterm evaluation scores and conference summary information into Taskstream and provide copies to the teacher candidate and the supervising teacher.

Student teaching forms, rubrics, and assessment tools are available at education.indiana.edu/stforms
Final Conference

The final evaluation is a summative assessment. The results of this assessment are used to determine a candidate’s readiness as a first year teacher.

- Prior to the conference, all triad members should look over the final evaluation rubrics to determine preliminary scores for each indicator.

- The official final evaluation scores will be determined by the university supervisor based on discussion during the final conference.

- The university supervisor will enter the final evaluation scores and conference summary information into Taskstream and provide copies to the teacher candidate and the supervising teacher.

Classroom Management Self-Assessment/Observation

An optional observation that can help a candidate strengthen classroom management through self-assessment or targeted observation and feedback from supervising teacher and/or university supervisor.

Teacher Performance Assessment (edTPA)

A three-part, performance-based assessment that teacher candidates complete using examples from their day-to-day planning, instruction, and assessment during student teaching. The edTPA is evaluated by locally-trained scorers, with the option of submission for national scoring based on candidate licensing needs.
Tips on Observation, Feedback and Reflection:

**Have a Pre-Observation Discussion**

Take a few minutes prior to observations to discuss the areas for which feedback is being sought. Not only does this help the candidate develop critical reflection and a greater readiness to learn in targeted areas of performance, it also gives the supervising teacher a sense of what the candidate is working toward.

**Prepare Observation Goals**

Candidates should identify specific activities/areas about which they want feedback. Supervising teachers should have a good sense of observation objectives to focus attention and to guide feedback provided. Questions to consider:

- What can the candidate do well? Does she/he perceive this?
- In what ways might the candidate improve? What does he/she see as personal challenges? Where are the similarities and differences in perceptions of areas for improvement?
- How can the student teaching rubrics focus supervisor feedback and candidate reflection?
- How can candidates and supervisors make connections to theory and research-based practices?

**Ask Probing Questions**

Probing questions also can encourage a deeper level of reflection in candidates. Examples include:

- What did the candidate want the children to learn? How does one know if they did?
- What needs changing and how might the candidate make these changes?
- What are her/his next steps?
- What might have been going on in _____’s mind as the candidate taught? (Choose 2 varied learners)
Use Neutral Phrases

Neutral phrases such as “I noticed ...” or “I wonder ...” when discussing observations can help the candidate think in new ways and make new connections.

Focus

Focusing on one or two areas for improvement may be all the candidate can take in at a given time. Provide specific feedback to focus on by the end of the post-observation debriefing session, and then revisit these areas during the next debriefing.

Put the Rubrics & edTPA Handbook to Work

Each of the student teaching evaluation rubrics (structured observation, midterm, etc.) contain useful tools for providing specific feedback. You can reference a section of these rubrics to think about how candidates will be evaluated as student teaching continues. This also helps see how the rubrics integrate with the overarching goal of supporting student learning.

The same is true of the edTPA commentary prompts. These prompts are designed to help think about the act of teaching in a deeper, more meaningful way and to help candidates reflect on their practice. The edTPA commentaries are available from teacher candidates, their university supervisors, or from our office.
Criteria for Passing Student Teaching:

**Final Evaluation Scores**

Student teaching is graded on an S/F basis. Teacher candidates earn a “Satisfactory” in their student teaching course based on performance as reported by the university supervisor in the Final Evaluation.

The candidate’s final evaluation must:

- have no scores of ‘1’ on the Final Conference Summary evaluation, and
- have no more than one score of ‘2’ in any category of the Final Conference Summary evaluation.

**edTPA Performance**

The student teaching seminar course is also graded on an S/F basis. In order to earn a “Satisfactory” in seminar, teacher candidates must successfully pass the teacher performance assessment (edTPA).

The candidate’s edTPA evaluation must:

- have no more than one rating of “emerging” (1) on any Task of the edTPA, and
- have a passing score of 27 or higher (the highest possible score is 45).

In cases where a candidate is not completing a seminar course as part of student teaching, the edTPA requirement will be applied as a criteria for passing the student teaching course.

Candidates who do not initially pass the edTPA will be permitted to revise and resubmit based on their evaluator’s feedback.
Student Teaching Policies:

*School Calendars & Observed Holidays*

Teacher candidates **must** follow the calendar of the school district in which they are student teaching. This includes reporting to your placement on the **first teacher day** of the semester unless an exception has been authorized by the Office of Clinical Experiences.

**Candidate Absences**

Teacher candidates are expected to fulfill the required number of days for their assignment, making every effort to avoid missing days during the placement. All missed days (including days missed due to weather or other emergency school closings) must be added to the end of the placement, changing the placement end date. Excessive absences may result in a termination of placement.

Teacher candidates must inform the school office, the supervising teacher, and university supervisor **ahead of** any tardiness or absence.

**Parameters of Candidate Activities**

- Candidates may not receive any payment for any involvement with the school (teaching, subbing, coaching), nor are they able to act as the sole responsible party for any group of students. If the supervising teacher is absent, a principal-designated “teacher-in charge,” who is employed by the school, must be established.
- Teacher candidates may not administer or witness corporal punishment.
- Teacher candidates may not transport students, visit students in their homes or in private/alone, and should always conference with students in an open, visible, and accessible place. This includes during extracurricular events, or school-sponsored trips.
If a teacher candidate suspects child abuse or neglect, he or she is responsible for reporting suspicions promptly using the following protocol:

1. Prepare written documentation regarding all observations, conversations, or other details that led to suspicion of abuse and/or neglect.
2. Contact the Indiana Child Abuse and Neglect Hotline at 1-800-800-5556 as soon as possible.
3. Following this call, contact the Office of Clinical Experiences and assigned university supervisor.
4. The Office of Clinical Experiences will then contact the respective school principal and/or school administrators, and the IU Safety Office.

Important Contacts & Information:

Indiana Child Abuse and Neglect Hotline: 1.800.800.5556
Office of Clinical Experiences: 1.812.856.8503
Additional Information: www.in.gov/dcs/2971.htm

**Interruption & Termination of a Student Teaching Placement**

If a supervising teacher determines that a student teaching experience is proving detrimental to student learning (based on observations, written documentation, and discussions with University Supervisor), the student teaching experience may be terminated.

Teacher candidates who withdraw or receive an F under these circumstances will require approval from the program director and the Assistant Dean for Teacher Education in order to repeat student teaching.

If student teaching is interrupted and the candidate is doing satisfactory work at the time and/or is deemed by the supervisor as
benefiting from a remediation plan, a grade of “I” (Incomplete) may be recorded. An arrangement with the Office of Clinical Experiences will be required to remove the incomplete.

Candidates who have not submitted and/or received a passing score on the edTPA will receive an “I” (incomplete) in the student teaching seminar course or in student teaching until this criteria has been met. After one calendar year, grades of incomplete automatically convert to an “F” unless special arrangements have been made with the course instructor.

**Code of Student Rights, Responsibilities, & Conduct:**

During student teaching, regardless of location, teacher candidates are still held to the *IU Code of Student Rights, Responsibilities, and Conduct*. All students, including teacher candidates, will face serious consequences if this code is violated.

To learn more about the code, visit [studentcode.iu.edu](http://studentcode.iu.edu).

**Accommodations for Teacher Candidates:**

If a teacher candidate requires assistance or academic accommodations during student teaching for a disability, she or he must first contact the Office of Disability Services for Students in the Wells Library (W302), 812.855.7578, prior to the start of his or her student teaching placement. Once eligibility for disability services has been determined, it is the candidate’s responsibility to communicate with the Office of Clinical Experiences about the assistance and/or academic accommodations required, prior to the start of the student teaching experience. Services will remain confidential, and every attempt will be made to accommodate candidate needs.

Putting accommodations in place may take some time, and the adaptations are not retroactive. It is important to note that the accommodations that are available to teacher candidates during student teaching can vary significantly from those students are eligible to receive on campus or for campus courses.
Teacher Candidates:

Teacher candidates are expected to behave in all the ways that a professional educator does. Candidates should:

- get to know students as individuals and learners, including their assets — strengths, interests, and needs;
- get to know the school and the greater school community to gain a strong understanding of the Context for Learning;
- have lesson plans and support materials ready in advance of each school day, and ensure that the supervising teacher is aware of and has access to these items;
- collaborate with the supervising teacher to gain approval for any potential changes to the supervising teacher’s existing policies and procedures;
- respect the supervising teacher as the final authority in all classroom-related decisions;
- actively seek constructive feedback and ask questions to gain a better understanding of the rationale behind specific actions, lessons, units, and school programs;
- participate actively in the classroom and in the greater school community;
- and communicate proactively, regularly, and honestly with the other members of the triad group.
Supervising Teachers:

Supervising teachers are asked to serve as a mentor to teacher candidates, modeling best practices and coaching the candidate as they develop their practice. Supervising teachers should:

- introduce the teacher candidate to the school community and help create an atmosphere where the teacher candidate can feel part of the classroom and school community;

- communicate and collaborate with the teacher candidate on planning, instruction and assessment using the principles of collaborative teaching to support growth;

- demonstrate and discuss a variety of effective classroom management and discipline techniques. Consider completing the optional Assessment of Classroom Management Observation Form to assist in providing this support.

- observe the teacher candidate formally and informally and in every setting/subject matter for which the candidate is responsible;

- communicate frequently with the university supervisor to support the teacher candidate and address any performance concerns (if relevant);

- complete the required evaluations in a timely manner and participate in triad conferences at the beginning, middle and end of the placement.
**University Supervisors:**

University supervisors provide guidance and support to the teacher candidate and supervising teacher. University supervisors should:

- introduce the teacher candidate and supervising teacher to IU School of Education policies and procedures;
- lead triad meetings and ensure all formal observations and evaluations are completed and recorded;
- visit and observe teacher candidates a minimum of once every two weeks, and arrange to observe all subjects/periods for which the teacher candidate is responsible;
- complete and input the required observations and evaluations in a timely manner, and maintain written documentation on each teacher candidate’s progress;
- help facilitate connections between the edTPA rubrics and the other student teaching evaluations during debriefings.
- support candidates with development of edTPA, including completion of the Formative Feedback Form for Task 1;
- provide support and guidance regarding professional ethics, employment services and opportunities, and interviews with prospective employers;
- when needed, serve as liaison between teacher candidates, supervising teachers and the School of Education.
Appendix A: Collaborative Teaching

Using a collaborative model with shared responsibilities allows teacher candidates to receive greater levels of support and individualized coaching as they develop their practice. For supervising teachers, it provides greater peace of mind, knowing that students will reap the benefits of having two teachers to guide their learning and increase the likelihood of student success.

Teacher candidates should proactively seek opportunities to collaborate with supervising teachers in planning, teaching and assessment. Candidates are encouraged to ask questions and request feedback throughout the placement. It is also appropriate to seek advice from both the supervising teacher and university supervisor with the initial planning of the edTPA, and to request assistance with video recording candidate lessons.

It is important to note that, though collaborative in nature, the supervising teacher is ultimately responsible for students’ academic progress. Therefore, candidates are expected to respect supervising teacher methods and expectations for students as well as this experience. Final approval authority over lessons, methods, and activities within the classroom belongs to the supervising teacher.

Collaborative Teaching Strategies:

There are a variety of collaborative teaching methods that can be used over the course of the student teaching placement, as shown on the following page. The first method presented, “One Teach, One Observe,” provides a good place to start using collaborative teaching; however, the strategies are not intended to be hierarchical. It is important for teacher candidates to work with their supervising teachers to plan when and how co-teaching strategies will be implemented. Candidates and supervising teachers are encouraged to use them systematically and intentionally throughout the student teaching placement.
Collaborative Teaching Models

By utilizing a collaborative model with shared responsibilities, teacher candidates receive greater levels of support as they develop their practice. With supervising teachers available to provide individualized modeling and coaching throughout the placement, the candidate can be actively engaged from day one, moving toward full classroom responsibility.
Appendix B: The Teacher Candidate Performance Assessment (edTPA)

Components of the edTPA:

Evidence:

- Context for Learning
- Lesson Plans (3-5)
- Copies of Materials & Assessments
- Commentary Regarding Planning

Indicators:

Task One
- Planning for content understanding
- Planning to support varied student learning needs
- Using knowledge of students to inform teaching & learning
- Planning assessments to monitor/support student learning

Task Two
- Demonstrating a positive learning environment
- Engaging students in learning
- Deepening student learning
- Analyzing teaching effectiveness

Task Three
- Analysis of student learning
- Providing feedback to guide learning
- Student use of feedback
- Using assessment to inform instruction
The edTPA is a three-part, performance-based assessment that captures evidence of a teacher candidate’s ability to support student learning. Candidates apply knowledge of students, content, and the classroom context to demonstrate competencies in the areas of planning (Task 1), instruction (Task 2), and assessment (Task 3).

Candidates submit a collection of items that include lesson plans, student assignments, assessments, unedited video clips of their teaching, and commentaries on student learning and how the candidate adjusted instruction to meet all students’ needs. The work that the edTPA is built around should be a snapshot of the artifacts that naturally occur as a result of the day-to-day preparation and instruction that takes place during student teaching.

Teacher candidates are encouraged to reach out to their supervising teachers and university supervisors for support and feedback as they work to plan instruction for this assessment, which should be drawn from the regular planning and instruction that takes place throughout the student teaching placement. The Office of Clinical Experiences and student teaching seminar leaders are also available to provide support and assistance to candidates.
How Supervising Teachers Can Help

Supervising Teachers Can:

❖ Help candidate understand the unique learning needs of students, the cultural, personal, and community assets, any special features of the school, etc.

❖ Help brainstorm possible topics, content, ways of implementing context and differentiation. Assist with video recording process.

❖ Familiarize yourself with the key indicators for the performance assessment and assist in providing initial feedback to lessons and commentaries.

❖ Encourage your candidate to begin working on their edTPA as early in the semester as possible. It will be worth it in the end!

Supervising Teachers Should Not:

❖ Tell the candidate what to submit. You are welcome to brainstorm with your candidate and serve as a sounding board, but the final decisions must be that of the candidate.

❖ Edit or correct their written work or videos. You are encouraged, however, to review edTPA material with your candidate and to offer verbal feedback.

❖ Take too much responsibility for your candidate’s edTPA tasks. It is ultimately their responsibility to keep track of and ensure all necessary steps (i.e., video permissions) have been completed.
Important Student Teaching Resources:

Office of Clinical Experiences
suteach@indiana.edu, Ph. 812.856.8503, Fax 812.856.8518

Website: http://go.iu.edu/21EU

Assessment Forms, Rubrics, Other Resources:
education.indiana.edu/stforms

Enter Structured Observation Data at: http://go.iu.edu/21EW

Career Connections
edcareer@indiana.edu, Ph. 812.856.8577, Fax 812.856.8518

Website: http://go.iu.edu/21EX

Teacher Licensing
license@indiana.edu, Ph. 812.856.8500, Fax 812.856.8518

Website: http://go.iu.edu/21EY